UKAS Accredited Testing Laboratory No. 1660

Issued by:

Approved:

### **Thermal Measurement Laboratory**

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Your Order No.: Chris Hardy 12/12/16

Mr. I G Rattigan

Test Engineer

Date of Issue:

22 May 2017

Signed:

Dr. A Simpson Head of Laboratory

# **Thermal Conductivity of Stainless Steel Door Panel**

Client Latham's Security Doorsets Ltd, 35/37 Hainge Road, Tividale, West Midlands, UK, B69 2NY

1. Sample\* Sample E. The sample identified as a panel from the centre of "Stainless Steel (personnel door / fire exit door), Door leaf – 70mm thick / 0.8mm thick stainless steel / fire board core frame – 1.8mm steel / hollow" was supplied by the client. The specimen was pre-conditioned before testing at 23°C and 50% RH for 47 days to constant mass.

Product Standard: N/A.

2. Method LaserComp FOX 603 Instrument, single specimen heat flow meter apparatus

Heat flow meter method to ISO 8301:1991 / BS EN 12664:2001

Serial Number: 12051473-F603

Heat flux direction: Vertically upwards

Edge heat losses minimised by additional edge temperature controls.

All temperature, dimensional and heat flow measurements are traceable to national standards.

### 3. Thermal Resistance

Mean Temperature [°C]	Thermal Resistance [m²K/W]	Mean Measured Thickness [mm]	Bulk Density [kg/m³]
10.1	$0.498 \pm 2.9\%$	68.42	522

The results only apply to the sample tested as described in this report.

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k=2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95%. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

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#### 4. Test Details

Measured specimen thickness:	0.06842	m
Relative thickness change during test:	0.00	%
Dimensions:	$0.597 \times 0.598$	m
Relative volume change during test:	0.00	%
Mass before test:	12755	g
Mass after test:	12750	g
Relative mass change during test:	-0.04	%
Relative mass change during drying:	N/A	%
Relative mass change during conditioning:	-1.37	%
Density of conditioned material as tested:	522	kg/m³
Mean temperature of test:	10.1	°C
Average temperature drop across	12.08	°C
specimens:		
Density of heat flow rate:	24.24	W/m²
Test started:	9 May 2017 at 12.24	
Test finished:	11 May 2017 at 8.24	
Duration of test:	44	hours
Ambient temperature surrounding the	23	°C
apparatus during the test:	23	C
Type and pressure of gas surrounding		
specimens:	Air at atmospheric pressure	
Interface medium:	None	
morrace medium.	None	

### 5. Date of Last Heat Flow Meter Calibration Check

The heat flow meter calibration was checked on 28 April 2017 using 3) and found to be within specification.

None

Calibrations are used that are based on:

Water-tight envelope:

- 1) 25mm EPS material (EPS#1108112, traceable to IRMM-440) with thermal resistance at 10°C of 0.78m<sup>2</sup>K/W. EPS#1108112 was last calibrated at LaserComp Inc. in July 2012 and is due to be recalibrated in July 2017.
- 2) Stable 20 year aged 100mm EPS with thermal resistance at 10°C of 2.82m²K/W, which was last calibrated in the University of Salford UKAS accredited guarded hotplate during September 2012 and is due to be recalibrated in September 2017.
- 3) 34mm IRM-440 Resin Bonded Glass Fibre Board, ID No: S312 with thermal resistance at 10°C of 1.13m<sup>2</sup>/K/W. Last calibrated at IRMM. Valid from July 2014 and is due to be recalibrated in July 2024

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#### 6. Thickness Measurement

The mean measured thickness was determined by the FOX 603 Instrument by measuring the hot and cold plate separation at each corner. The separation was checked with calibrated electronic calipers.

# 7. Specimen preparation and method of conditioning

Sample E. The sample identified as a panel from the centre of "Stainless Steel (personnel door / fire exit door), Door leaf - 70mm thick / 0.8mm thick stainless steel / fire board core frame - 1.8mm steel / hollow" was supplied by the client. The specimen was pre-conditioned before testing at 23°C and 50% RH for 42 days to constant mass.

# 8. Errors in measured property

The maximum expected error in the measured Thermal Conductivity is within 2.9%. This includes errors arising from non-compliances.

### 9. Non-compliances

The test conformed to the requirements of Standard Test Method ISO 8301:1991 / BS EN 12664 with the exception of:-

1) An additional uncertainty has been applied to allow for the error due to imperfect contact (0.3mm deviation from flatness) was 1.01% greater than the maximum 0.5% specified.

# 10. Name of Test Operator/s

A.Simpson

#### 11. Management system requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005

The laboratory operates a management system which meets both the technical competence requirements and management system requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005 that are necessary for the laboratory to constantly deliver technically valid test results within its accredited scope.

<sup>\*</sup> Sample Retention Period - Unless advised otherwise by the client, samples will be retained for up to 1month from the test completion date. After this time the samples will be destroyed.